Comerica Economic Weekly



■ Bill Adams ■ Waran Bhahirethan May 28, 2024

Preview of the Week Ahead

Real GDP growth in the first quarter of 2024 will likely be revised lower in the second estimate's release, reflecting downward revisions to consumer spending. With the revisions, real GDP growth in the first quarter is expected to be less than half the 3.8% annualized pace of the second half of 2023.

Personal consumption expenditures growth likely slowed in April, and March will likely be revised lower, too. Income growth is expected to slow as well, on slower growth of wage and salary income. The economy's margin of slack capacity is widening, which will likely contribute to a further slowdown of inflation in the second half of 2024. But April's inflation data are expected to show price pressures holding steady from March. Total and core inflation by the Fed's preferred measure, the personal consumption expenditures price deflator, are forecast to be unchanged in both month-over-month and year-over-year terms, both around 2.75%. The Fed targets inflation of 2%.

The Conference Board's Consumer Confidence Index® likely pulled back in the May release as consumers became less confident in the state of the job market. House price indexes likely rose in March, with their year-over-year pace of increase holding roughly steady. The trade deficit likely widened slightly in April on lower U.S. petroleum exports.

The Week in Review

The minutes of the Fed's May 1st interest rate decision show some of the rate setting committee's members are more hawkish than their consensus statement, or than Chair Powell's guidance in the press conference after the meeting. Lamenting a "lack of further progress" in recent months toward the 2% inflation objective, they were particularly concerned about "significant increases in components of both goods and services price inflation." Concluding achieving their inflation objective "will take longer than previously thought," "various" participants expressed willingness to tighten policy further, a very different emphasis than Powell's statement at the May 1st presser that it is "unlikely the next policy move will be a hike." "Almost all" FOMC members supported the decision to begin slowing the pace of Fed's balance sheet runoff. But "various" participants emphasized that balance sheet decisions had no implications for the outlook of interest rate policy. Policymakers judged the economy was expanding at a "solid" pace, but expected economic growth to moderate as the year progresses. Policymakers continue to judge demand and supply are coming into better balance in the labor market.

The housing market weakened in April. Existing home sales, which account for most homes sold in the U.S., fell by 1.9% on a monthly and annual basis. Despite weaker volumes, the median price of houses sold rose for the tenth consecutive month by 5.7% to \$407,600, a record for April. On a positive note, the number of houses listed for sale rose to 3.5 months of supply, the most since last November. New home sales fell as well, down 4.7% on the month and 7.7% from a year earlier. The median price of a new home sold fell by 1.4% in April to \$433,500, but was 3.9% higher from a year earlier. The number of new homes for sale rose in April to the equivalent of 8.5 months of supply at last months' sales rate in non-seasonally-adjusted terms, or 9.1 months after adjusting for seasonal variations.

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| | Economic Indicator | Prior Release | Consensus Forecast | Comerica Forecast |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Mon 5/27 | Memorial Day Holiday | -1 | | |
| | FHFA Purchase-Only House Price Index (Mar) | 1.2% M/M 7.0% Y/Y | 0.5% M/M | 0.4% M/M 7.0% Y/Y |
| Tue 5/28 | S&P CoreLogic Case-Shiller 20-City Home Price Index (Mar) | 0.6% M/M 7.3% Y/Y | 0.3% M/M | 0.3% M/M 7.3% Y/Y |
| | Conference Board Consumer Confidence Index® (May) | 97.0 | 96.0 | 95.0 |
| Wed 5/29 | Federal Reserve Beige Book Economic Survey | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Thu 5/30 | Real GDP (1 st Quarter of 2024, 2nd Estimate, Seasonally-Adjusted Annualized Rate / SAAR) | 1.6% | 1.2% | 1.3% |
| | GDP Price Index (1st Qtr 2024 2nd Est., SAAR) | 3.1% | 3.1% | 3.1% |
| | Advance Goods Trade Balance (Apr) | -\$91.8 billion | -\$91.3 billion | -\$92.0 billion |
| | Pending Home Sales (Apr) | 3.4% M/M -4.5% Y/Y | 0.5% M/M | -2.2% M/M -2.0% Y/Y |
| | Initial Jobless Claims (Week of 5/25) | 215,000 | | 220,000 |
| | Continuing Jobless Claims (Week of 5/18) | 1,794,000 | | 1,782,000 |
| Fri 5/31 | Personal Income (Apr) | 0.5% M/M | 0.3% M/M | 0.2% M/M |
| | Personal Consumption Expenditures ("PCE", Apr) | 0.8% M/M | 0.3% M/M | 0.3% M/M |
| | PCE Price Index (Apr) | 0.3% M/M 2.7% Y/Y | 0.3% M/M 2.7% Y/Y | 0.3% M/M 2.7% Y/Y |
| | PCE Price Index Less Food and Energy (Apr) | 0.3% M/M 2.8% Y/Y | 0.3% M/M 2.8% Y/Y | 0.3% M/M 2.8% Y/Y |

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