Comerica Economic Weekly



■ Bill Adams ■ Waran Bhahirethan July 15, 2024

Preview of the Week Ahead

Retail sales and industrial production were likely cool in June. Retail sales likely fell on lower auto dealer and gas station sales: The CDK hack weighed on car dealers, and lower gas and diesel prices reduced spending at gas stations. Retail sales excluding these two categories likely grew, but at a slower pace than in May.

Industrial production was likely unchanged in June as utilities production rose further after big increases in April and May. Temperatures in the continental U.S. averaged 3.4°F above average in June after being 2.1° above average in May. Manufacturing production likely was flat from May, and mining output modestly lower. Building permits and housing starts likely rebounded slightly in June after depressed readings in May. Homebuilding is stuck in low gear due to high interest rates, but should recover in the late summer and fall as the Fed signals interest rate cuts are approaching.

The Fed's Beige Book survey of economic contacts likely reported flat to modestly lower economic activity in the latest survey for June, with cooler inflation pressures. The survey is also expected to show more labor market slack and a continued slowdown in wage growth to rates more typical of the prepandemic economy.

The Week in Review

Inflationary pressures eased further in June. The Consumer Price Index (CPI) fell by 0.1% from May and was up 3.0% year-over-year. Core CPI rose by a modest 0.1% and was up 3.3% on the year. Both total and core inflation were below the consensus. Shelter costs, the single biggest contributor to inflation over the past few years, rose by 0.2% in June—the slowest pace in three and a half years—and were up 5.2% from a year earlier. Prices of services excluding shelter, which account for around a fourth of consumer purchases, were unchanged for a second consecutive month. Energy prices tumbled on the back of a nearly 4% decline in gasoline prices. Food prices rose 0.2%.

The Producer Price Index (PPI) rose 0.2% last month and was up 2.6% on the year. Core PPI was unchanged from May and up 3.1% from a year ago. Producer prices of final demand goods fell on lower energy prices, while final demand services rose 0.6%, mostly due to an increase in the volatile trade services component.

The federal government's deficit shrank sharply from \$347.1 billion in May to \$66 billion in June due to calendar-related shifts in benefit spending and deferred tax receipts from states affected by natural disasters. The cumulative fiscal year-to-date (YTD) deficit is \$1.3 trillion, down 9.0% from \$1.4 trillion in the same period last year. The decline is largely due to higher revenues, with individual income tax receipts up 11.3% and corporate income tax receipts up 28.9%. Government expenditures are up 4.5%. Among the major expenditure categories, social security payments and defense spending are up 8.1% and 5.6%, respectively. Interest payments are up a staggering 38.1%.

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| | Economic Indicator | Prior Release | Consensus Forecast | Comerica Forecast |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Mon 7/15 | No market-moving economic releases | -1 | 1 | |
| Tue 7/16 | Retail Sales (Jun) Core Retail Sales Excluding Autos and Gas (Jun) NAHB Housing Market Index (Jul) | 0.1% M/M 0.1% M/M 43.0 | -0.2% M/M 0.3% M/M 43.0 | -0.3% M/M 0.1% M/M 43.0 |
| Wed 7/17 | Building Permits (Jun, Seasonally-Adjusted Annual Rate / SAAR) Housing Starts (Jun, SAAR) Industrial Production (Jun) Capacity Utilization (Jun) Federal Reserve Beige Book Economic Survey | 1.399 million -2.8% M/M (R) 1.277 million -5.5% M/M 0.7% M/M (R) 78.2% (R) n/a | 1.395 million -0.3% M/M 1.300 million 1.8% M/M 0.3% M/M 78.5% n/a | 1.450 million 3.6% M/M 1.325 million 3.8% M/M 0.0% M/M 77.9% n/a |
| Thu 7/18 | Initial Jobless Claims (Week of 7/13) Continuing Jobless Claims (Week of 7/6) | 222,000 1,852,000 | | 250,000 1,855,000 |
| Fri 7/19 | No market-moving economic releases | | | |

(R) - Revised

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